# LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

## B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – CHEMISTRY

## FIRST SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2007

### **CH 1502 - ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY**

**AD 2** 

Date: 01/11/2007 Dept. No. Max.: 100 Marks
Time: 1:00 - 4:00

#### PART - A

Answer **ALL** the questions

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 1. How would you remove peroxides from ethers?
- 2. Distinguish between accuracy and precision.
- 3. Define sublimation. Give an example.
- 4. Give the principle of adsorption chromatography.
- 5. Mention the requirements of titrimetric analyses.
- 6. Define common ion effect using a suitable example.
- 7. Give the characteristics of EDTA in complexometric titrations.
- 8. Define solubility product with example.
- 9. What are adsorption indicators? Explain.
- 10. State the principle of DTA analysis.

#### PART – B

Answer any **EIGHT** questions

 $(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks})$ 

- 11. Define the following.
  - a) Threshold vapour concentration
- b) Universal antidote
- c) Carcinogenic chemicals
- 12. What are determinate errors? How they are occurring?
- 13. How are liquids separated using solvent extraction methods?
- 14. Explain the principle of ion exchange chromatography with suitable example.
- 15. The determination of iron in an ore sample gave the following results (in %) 31.31, 31.07, 31.92, 31.30. Calculate the a) range b) average deviation
- 16. Explain the role of diphenyl amine indicator in dichromate versus ferrous ion titration.
- 17. What are general methods for fume disposal?
- 18. 15 mL of 0.25 N HCl solution requires 25 mL of NaOH solution for neutralization. Find the strength of NaOH and its amount in 100 mL.
- 19. A monobasic acid has a dissociation constant equal to 1.8 x 10<sup>-5</sup> at 25°C.
   Calculate the a) degree of dissociation (α) at a concentration of 0.20 M
   b) concentration of hydrogen ion
- 20. Explain Volhard's method for chlorine determination.
- 21. Differentiate co-precipitation and post-precipitation.
- 22. Explain the various components of TG using block diagram.

#### PART - C

Answer any **FOUR** questions

 $(4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ marks})$ 

- 23. Explain the principles of analytical balance. Discuss the working of single pan balance.
- 24. a) Explain the factors affecting TG & DTA curves
  - b) Draw the TG curve of calcium oxalate monohydrate and explain its uses.
- 25. What is fractional distillation? Explain with suitable example.
- 26. Discuss the following.
  - a) Requirements of a primary standard
  - b) Use of methyl orange indicator in neutralization titration
- 27. Define pH. Derive Henderson equation of acidic and basic buffers.
- 28. Calculate the mean, median and standard deviation for the following five titre values: 4.95, 5.00, 5.11, 5.04, 4.90 mL.

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